

MCP 1.02 – IPHC Articles of Faith and Government
Text: IPHC Manual, 2009-2013
Study Guide

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74. The character of the church is seen in its name, which places it astride two major revival streams: the _____ revival of the late nineteenth century, and the _____ revival of the twentieth century. (p. 12)
75. Basically, IPHC people look to the _____ as the beginning of the early Christian church that ultimately produced the movement. (p. 12)
76. In its statement of faith, the IPHC distills and preserves the three great spiritual reforms of recent Christianity. These are: _____, _____ and _____. (p. 12)
77. Martin Luther's doctrine of _____ was the most enduring contribution of the Protestant Reformation to Christian experience. (p. 13)
78. Wesley's Methodist Movement produced the second major contribution to the theology of the IPHC. This was the doctrine of _____. (p. 13)
79. The modern Pentecostal Movement had its origins in _____ in a small Bible school conducted by _____. (p. 14)
80. The Pentecostal Movement received worldwide influence in the year _____ in Los Angeles, CA, in the _____ revival, led by a black Holiness evangelist named _____. (p. 14)
81. Organized as a _____ in the year _____, the IPHC officially incorporated the theology of the _____ in its Articles of Faith in 1908. Be familiar with the doctrinal statement and supporting scriptures. (p. 15)
82. The first congregation to bear the name of the Pentecostal Holiness Church was organized in _____, North Carolina in the year _____, as a result of the evangelistic ministry of _____, a Methodist evangelist. (p. 15)
83. The church's first convention was conducted in Fayetteville, NC, in _____, where _____ was elected president and a _____ was adopted. (p. 15-16)

84. The Pentecostal Holiness Church and the _____ church merged in 1911 at Falcon, NC. (p. 17)
85. In 1915 at Canon, Georgia, the _____ under N.J. Holmes consolidated with the Pentecostal Holiness Church. (p. 17)
86. In 1917, the church began publication of an official journal known as the *Pentecostal Holiness Advocate*. The first editor was _____. Two years later, in 1919, Taylor also founded the _____ Institute near Royston, Georgia. In 1933, the name of the school was changed to Emmanuel College. (p. 18)
87. The _____ of International Pentecostal Holiness Churches met in September of 1990 in Jerusalem, Israel. This was a significant milestone in our history. There we established our _____ goals globally and adopted the _____ which has become a global battle cry for the church. (p. 19)
88. At the Fourth World Pentecostal Holiness Fellowship in Vancouver, British Columbia during May, 2008, the conference highlighted the expanding _____ of the church. Approximately _____ nations of the World were represented. (p.24)
89. The Twenty-sixth General Conference convened in Greensboro, North Carolina. Besides sweeping changes in nomenclature, the General Conference voted to make the most drastic changes in governance for the denomination since its formation. Please fill-in-the-blanks below. (p. 25)
- The General Conference reduced the number of full-time executives from _____ to _____.
 - The General Executive Board was renamed the _____.
 - The General Board of Administration and the General Executive Board were merged into a new body known as the _____.
 - A new body, the _____, was created. This body includes the Executive Committee, ministry leadership directors, and approved representatives from across the church. (p. 25)
90. The IPHC shall be a connectional church with an _____ form of government. (p. 30)
91. Membership in the IPHC shall be of three types as defined in the Bylaws (p. 30):
- _____
 - _____
 - _____

92. When in session, the _____ is the most authoritative body of the IPHC. (p. 30)
93. Be able to discuss or summarize the Apostles' Creed on page 31.
94. Be able to summarize any or all of the fourteen (14) Articles of Faith on pages 32-33. (See Dr. A.D. Beacham, Jr's. book, *Light for the Journey* for a more in-depth study.)
95. On a separate sheet of paper, summarize the following doctrines. Use scripture to support your statements. (pp. 42-52)
- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| a. Repentance | g. Pentecost |
| b. Faith | h. Divine Healing |
| c. Justification | i. The Coming of the Lord |
| d. Regeneration | j. Resurrection |
| e. Adoption | k. Rewards |
| f. Sanctification | |
96. The two ordinances observed by the IPHC are _____ and _____. (p. 53)
97. What are the three questions that scripturally validate a Christian ordinance? (p.53)
- _____
 - _____
 - _____
98. The Covenant of Commitment affirms eight biblical values that characterize our lifestyle as a people. On a separate piece of paper, summarize each of the eight. (p. 55-59)
99. The primary purpose for the Covenant of Commitment is to strengthen our members to please God as _____. (p.62)
100. Become familiar with Local Church Property (p. 63-66)
101. Become familiar with the process for amending the IPHC Constitution (p. 69-70)
102. What body has the sole right to adopt legislation determining the qualifications for IPHC membership? (p.73) _____
103. When the General Conference is not in session, the _____ of _____ shall be the most authoritative, council, board, or committee in the organizational structure. Its function shall be that of a _____ of _____. (p. 77)

104. The Executive Committee of the Council of Bishops exists to carry out the _____ and _____ functions of the IPHC. (p.82)
105. All members of the Executive Committee shall be elected by the General Conference for _____ terms. (p.83)
106. The General Superintendent shall bear the title of _____ while in office. Former General Superintendents shall bear the honorary title of _____ for life. (p. 87)
107. The _____, chaired by the General Superintendent, shall exist to facilitate communication and coordination among General-level ministries and departments of the IPHC. (p. 94)
108. The Global Ministry Center shall consist of four divisions, each led by an elected General Conference official. Name the four divisions. (p 97-111)
- a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
 - d. _____
109. The _____ is the leader of the _____. His spiritual leadership is reflected in the biblical ministries of _____ and _____. His _____ functions are reflected in the contemporary language of _____. As such, he provides _____ / _____ and _____ to his conference to promote _____, _____, and _____ under his charge. (p. 116)
110. The Conference Superintendent shall bear the honorary title of _____ while in office. (p.116)
111. The Conference Executive Council shall consist of following members: _____, chairman; _____ Conference Superintendent; _____ / _____; and at least _____ Conference Executive Council members. (p.121)
112. All members of the Conference Executive Council shall be elected by the Conference for _____ terms. (p.121)
113. What body has the authority to remove or suspend a pastor? _____ . (p. 123)
114. The _____, chaired by the Conference Superintendent, shall exist to facilitate communication and coordination among the ministries and departments of the Conference. (p. 124)

115. Pastoral appointments are made according to one of the following tracks. Briefly identify the three tracks. (p. 126)
- a. _____

- b. _____

- c. _____

116. The IPHC affirms _____ as the primary representation of the Body of Christ in their local communities. (p. 131)
117. A _____ is a newly created church which is first organized under the name of IPHC, Inc., or one of its subdivisions. In order to organize as a Planted Member Church, a group must consist of _____ or more persons, including at least _____ persons 18 years of age or older. (p. 131)
118. A _____ is an existing, previously organized church which was planted and organized without any association with or support from the IPHC, Inc., or its subdivisions. In order to become a Transfer Member Church, a group must consist of _____ or more persons, including at least _____ persons 18 years of age or older. (p. 132)
119. Member Churches shall accept for membership only persons who (p. 134)
- a. _____
- b. _____
120. The IPHC acknowledges the _____, whether _____ or _____, as God's appointed leader of the local church. (p. 135)
121. The Senior Pastor's first concerns shall be to live a _____, _____ lifestyle out of which he preaches God's Word, _____, _____ and _____. (p. 136)
 Be familiar with the pastor's other responsibilities and duties. (pp. 136-138)
122. The Senior Pastor is amenable to the _____, _____, _____, and the _____. (p. 138)
123. Under the direction of the _____, local church elders are persons whose ministry is to _____ for the work of the ministry in order to build the church (Ephesians 4:11-16). Elders should provide _____ over the church to shepherd and protect it with maturity and wisdom (Acts 20:28-30; 1 Peter 5:1-4). Elders should meet the criteria specified in _____. The

- _____ shall select from the congregation members who have demonstrated the Biblical characteristics of an elder. (p. 140)
124. All deacons should meet the scriptural criteria of _____ and _____. The ministry of the deacon is that of _____.
Deacons shall be selected by the _____ in consultation with the _____ and _____. (p. 141)
125. The Local Church Administrative Council shall include the _____ / _____, a _____ / _____ (one or two persons may hold the offices of secretary and treasurer), and at least _____ Council members. (p. 142)
126. A nominating committee, appointed by and chaired by the Senior Pastor and approved by the Local Church Administrative Council shall nominate all _____ and the _____ and/or _____ unless appointed. (p. 145)
127. The Local Church Administrative Council is amenable to the _____ and the _____. (p. 146)
128. The _____, chaired by the Senior Pastor, shall exist to facilitate communication and coordination among the ministries and departments of the local church. (p. 149)
129. Name the three forms of credentials issued by the IPHC (p. 152):
a. _____
b. _____
c. _____
130. Licensed and Ordained Ministers are required to attend the _____
_____. (p. 156 & 160)
131. Describe the responsibility of ministers in regard to tithing: _____

_____ (p. 156 & 161)
132. Based on the Biblical tithing principle, Local Member Churches shall send a Church Tithe (_____) monthly to their conferences on their tithes and regular offerings. (p. 171)